Melher one for # 10

AP Chemistry Reaction Practice Day 10

Name	Key 2011
Date _	Period

For each of the following three reactions, in part (i) write a BALANCED equation and in part (ii) answer the question about the reaction. In part (i), coefficients should be in terms of lowest whole numbers. Assume that solutions are aqueous unless otherwise indicated. Represent substances in solutions as ions if the substances are extensively ionized. Omit formulas for any ions or molecules that are unchanged by the reaction.

- 1. Solutions of silver nitrate and sodium iodide are mixed.
- (i) Ag+ + I -> AgI
- (ii) What is the color of the precipitate?

AgI is a gellowish or pale gellow color

2. Methanol reacts with propanoic acid with the addition of a few drops of a strong acid as a catalyst.

(ii) Draw the structures of both products and provide their names.

Se Above

- 3. Solutins of lead(II) nitrate and sodium iodide are mixed.
- (i) P62+ +2I- -> P6I2
- (ii) What are the colors of the products?

Bright yeller + sodern nitrate is colorless!



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Question 5

The identity of an unknown solid is to be determined. The compound is one of the seven salts in the following table.

Al(NO ₃) ₃ ·9H ₂ O	BaCl ₂ · 2H ₂ O	CaCO ₃	CuSO ₄ · 5H ₂ O
NaCl	BaSO ₄	Ni(NO ₃) ₂ ·6H ₂ O	

Use the results of the following observations or laboratory tests to explain how each compound in the table may be eliminated or confirmed. The tests are done in sequence from (a) through (e).

(a) The unknown compound is white. In the table below, cross out the two compounds that can be eliminated using this observation. Be sure to cross out these same two compounds in the tables in parts (b), (c), and (d).

Al(NO ₃) ₃ ·9H ₂ O	BaCl ₂ · 2H ₂ O	CaCO ₃	Cuso ₄ -sH ₂ O
NaCl	BaSO ₄	Ni(NO ₂) ₂ ·6H ₂ O	

One point is earned for each correctly crossed-out compound.

(b) When the unknown compound is added to water, it dissolves readily. In the table below, cross out the two compounds that can be eliminated using this test. Be sure to cross out these same two compounds in the tables in parts (c) and (d).

Al(NO ₃) ₃ ·9H ₂ O	BaCl ₂ · 2H ₂ O	Sco.	CuSO ₄ SH ₂ O
NaCl	BaSO ₄	Ni(NO3)2 6H2O	

One point is earned for each additional correctly crossed-out compound.

(c) When AgNO₃(aq) is added to an aqueous solution of the unknown compound, a white precipitate forms. In the table below, cross out each compound that can be eliminated using this test. Be sure to cross out the same compound(s) in the table in part (d).

<u>Al(NO₃), 9H2</u> O	BaCl ₂ · 2H ₂ O	CacO ₃	Cuso, suito
NaCl	BetSO ₄	Ni(NO3)2 6H2O	

One point is earned for crossing out $Al(NO_3)_3 \cdot 9H_2O$ or for crossing out $Ni(NO_3)_2 \cdot 6H_2O$ if it had not been crossed out earlier.

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Question 5 (continued)

(d) When the unknown compound is carefully heated, it loses mass. In the table below, cross out each compound that can be eliminated using this test.

AI(NO.)2-9H2O	BaCl ₂ · 2H ₂ O	Sace3	ChSQ:5H2O
No Ct	BeSO ₄	Ni(NO,), 6H2O	

One point is earned for crossing out NaCl or for crossing out either CaCO₃ or BaSO₄ if they had not been crossed out earlier.

(e) Describe a test that can be used to confirm the identity of the unknown compound identified in part (d). Limit your confirmation test to a reaction between an aqueous solution of the unknown compound and an aqueous solution of one of the other soluble salts listed in the tables above. Describe the expected results of the test; include the formula(s) of any product(s).

Mix an aqueous solution of $BaCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ with an aqueous solution of $CuSO_4 \cdot 5H_2O$. The $BaSO_4$ will precipitate.

One point is earned for describing a precipitation reaction between the compound left in part (d) and another compound given in the problem.

One point is earned for a correct identification of a precipitate that would form upon the mixing of the chosen solutions.